Filter Backwash Recycling Rule

Final: June 8, 2001

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Purpose of FBRR

- Recycle practices may...
 - Increase contaminant load, including pathogens
 - Create coagulant chemistry imbalance
 - Create hydraulic surge through the treatment plant

Purpose of FBRR

 Reduce the potential for Cryptosporidium oocysts to pass through filters into finished water by ensuring proper management of residual streams

Purpose of FBRR

 Allow State evaluation of recycle practices to identify potential problems

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FBRR Applicability

- Surface water or GWUDI
- Conventional or direct filtration treatment
- Recycle <u>any</u> of three specific residual streams

FBRR 141.76(a)

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Regulated Recycle Streams

- Spent Filter Backwash Water
- Thickener Supernatant
- Liquids from Dewatering Processes

FBRR 141.76(a)

Spent Filter Backwash

 Resulting water pushed back through the filter in the cleaning process



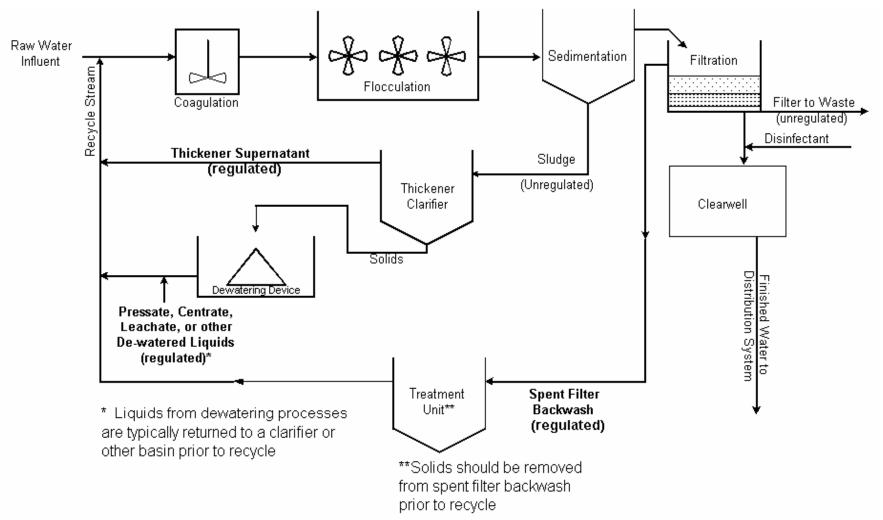
Thickener Supernatant

 The "clear water" that exits sedimentation basins and clarifiers after particles have been allowed to settle out

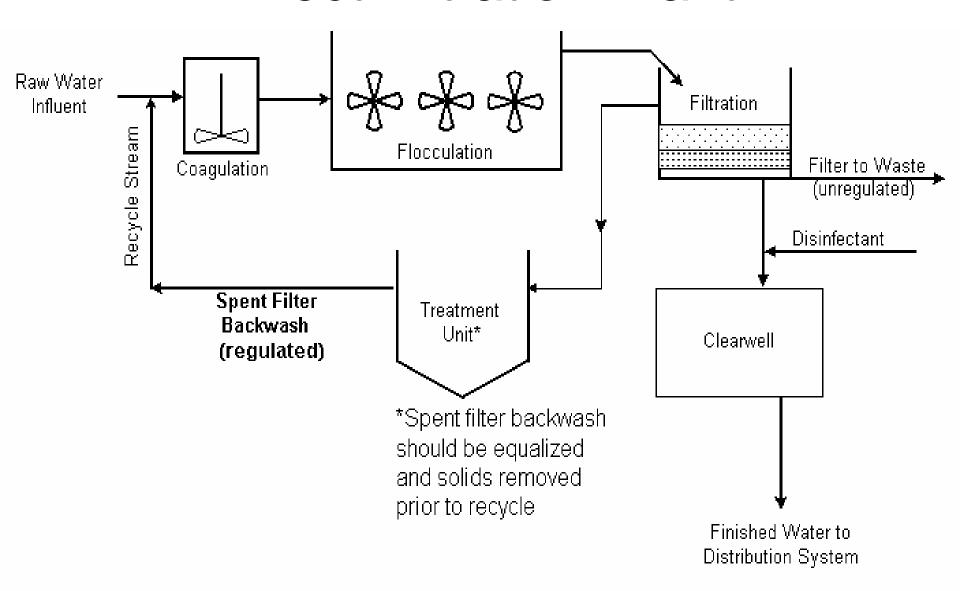
Liquids from Dewatering Processes

 Liquids released during dewatering processes which remove water from waste solids "sludge" in order to reduce the solids volume to be disposed

Conventional Treatment Plant



Direct Filtration Plant



Reporting Requirement

- Written notification to the State...
 - If system recycles <u>any</u> of the three regulated streams
 - By December 8, 2003
- Notification must include:
 - Plant schematic
 - Plant flow & recycle flow information

FBRR 141.76(b)(1) and (2)

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Reporting Requirement

- Plant schematic
 - Origin of all recycle flows
 - Hydraulic conveyance used to transport them
 - Location where re-introduced back into the treatment plant

FBRR 141.76(b)(1)

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Reporting Requirement

- Plant flow & recycle flow info.
 - Typical recycle flow (gpm)
 - Highest observed plant flow from previous year (gpm)
 - Plant design flow (gpm)
 - State-approved operating capacity (if applicable)

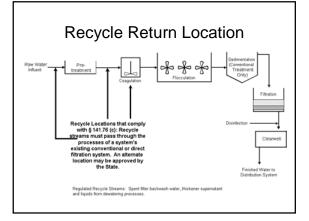
FBRR 141.76(b)(2)

Treatment Technique Requirement

- Regulated recycle flows must return through either:
 - All processes of conventional or direct filtration system
 - Alternate location approved by the State

FBRR 141.76(c)

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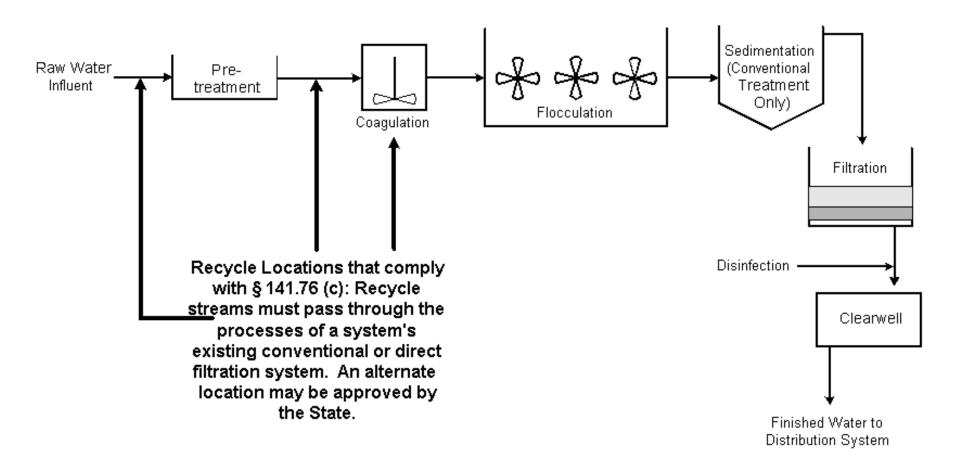


Treatment Technique Requirement

- Deadline: June 8, 2004
 - If no capital improvements are required
- Deadline: June 8, 2006
 - If capital improvements are required to modify recycle location

FBRR 141.76(c)

Recycle Return Location



Regulated Recycle Streams: Spent filter backwash water, thickener supernatant and liquids from dewatering processes.

Recordkeeping by Systems

- On file, beginning June 8, 2004:
- 1. Copy of...
 - recycle notification and information submitted to State
- 2 List of
 - <u>all</u> recycle flows and frequency of their return

FBRR 141.76(d)(1) and (2)

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Recordkeeping by Systems

- 3. Average and maximum...
 - backwash flow rate through filters
 - duration of the filter backwash process (minutes)
- 4. Typical filter run...
 - length
 - written summary of how determined (headloss, turbidity, time, etc.)

FBRR 141.76(d)(3) and (4)

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Recordkeeping by Systems

5. Type of treatment provided for the recycle flow

FBRR 141.76(d)(5)

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Recordkeeping by Systems

6. Data on:

- physical dimensions of equalization and/or treatment units
- typical and max hydraulic loading
- type of treatment chemicals used/average dose/frequency of use
- frequency of solids removal from treatment units

Purpose of Recordkeeping Requirement

- Compile recycle and plant flow data affecting treatment
- State/system assessment of recycle practices

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Violations & Public Notification (PN) - FBRR

Violation	Violation Type	PN Requirements
Failure to recycle to an appropriate location	Treatment Technique	2
Failure to complete capital improvements by required schedule	Treatment Technique	2
Failure to notify the state of recycle practices	Monitoring/ Reporting	3
Failure to collect and maintain recycle flow information by required schedule	Recordkeeping	3